Addressing IP Barriers to Eliminate HCV as Public Health Problem in LATAM

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"By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases."



GLOBAL HEALTH SECTOR STRATEGY ON

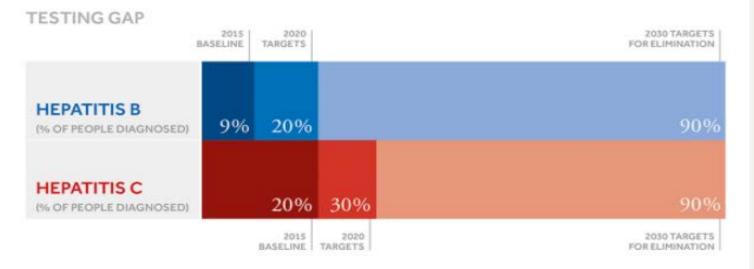
VIRAL HEPATITIS 2016–2021

TOWARDS ENDING VIRAL HEPATITIS

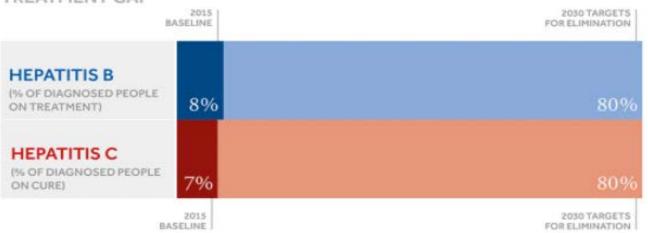
TARGET AREA	BASELINE 2015	2020 TARGETS	2030 TARGETS			
Impact targets						
Viral hepatitis B and C diagnosis	<5% of chronic hepatitis infections diagnosed	30%	90%			
Viral hepatitis B and C treatment	<1% receiving treatment	5 million people will be receiving hepatitis B virus treatment	80% of eligible persons with chronic hepatitis B virus infection treated			
		3 million people have received hepatitis C virus treatment	80% of eligible persons with chronic hepatitis C virus infection treated			
		(Both targets are cumulative by 2020)				



MAJOR GAPS IN VIRAL HEPATITIS CARE



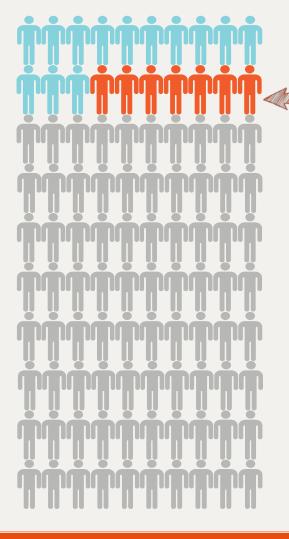






71 million people worldwide

living with hepatitis C (HCV) infection in 2015



Only 2,86
million
people
treated in
2015-2016

Infected, diagnosed but not treated

Diagnosed and treated

Infected, neither diagnosed nor treated

~ 400.000 deaths

a year mainly by cirrhosis / hepatocellular carcinoma

1.1 million people

Treated in 2015

1.75 million adults

New infections with HCV in 2015



DNDi Hepatitis C Strategy: 3 pillars

Accelerate R&D Accelerating the development of promising drug candidates



with



Pharma companies



Governments

Catalyse **ACCESS** Supporting affordable



access to all DAAs

with



Pharma companies



Civil Society organisations



Governments

3 Simplify **TREATMENT STRATEGIES**

Working with health providers to scale – up treatment



with



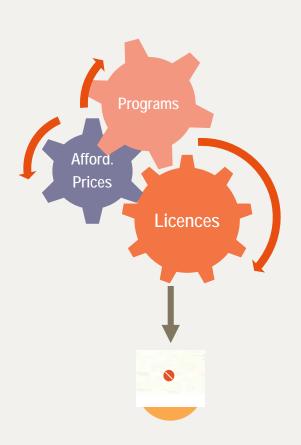
Primary healthcare doctors



Non Governmental Organizations



DNDi Hep C Strategy: Contribute to HCV Elimination by 2030

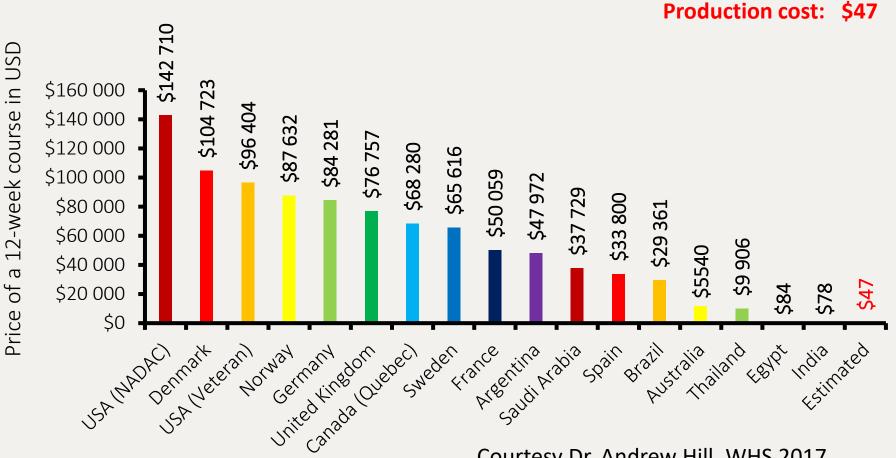


- Raise political commitment & accountability
- Encourage policy change for the sustainable adoption of test & treat with DAAs
- Promote access to affordable, safe, quality and efficacious DAAs
- Address regulatory and intellectual property barriers for access to HCV diagnostics & medicines

Lowest prices of SOF/DCV in selected countries



Price in USA: \$143,000 Price in India: \$108



Hepatitis C Treatment Gap

High prices impede access to hepatitis C treatments

HEPATITIS C CASES



PEOPLE TREATED

0.4% 9.3% 4.0% 0.6%

TREATMENT PRICES

usp 10,000

030 10,000

sofosbuvir + daclatasvir

USD 6,212

sofosbuvir + velpatasvir

USD 12,000

sofosbuvir + daclatasvir

USD 7,800



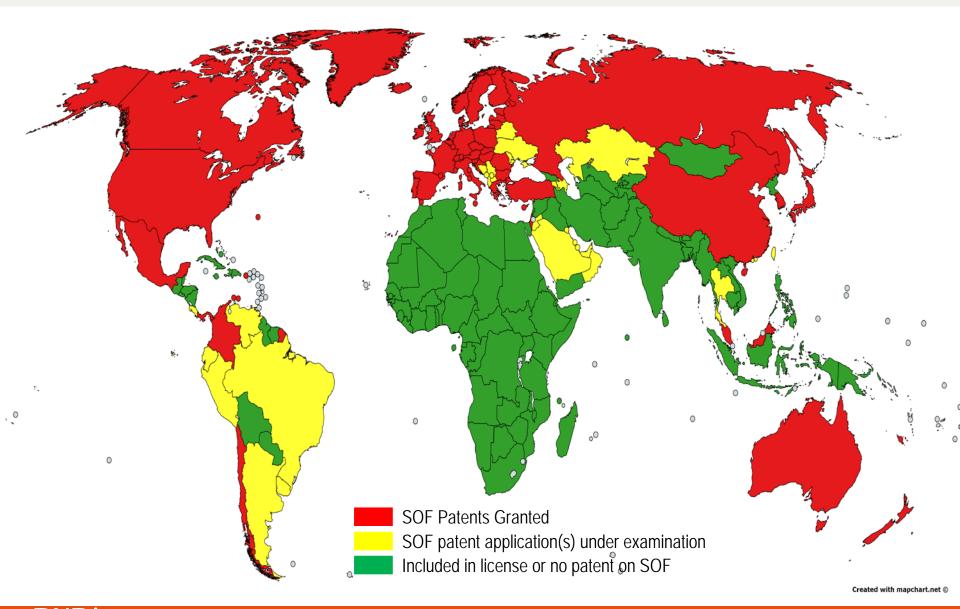
#HepatitisC

dndi.org/hepC

Approved DAAs

API/Originator	FDA/EUA	EMA	Pan- genotypic	Patents (1ª and last expiry date)
sofosbuvir-Gilead	12-2013	1-2014	Combo	√ (2024-2032)
sofosbuvir+ledipasvir-Gilead	10-2014	11- 2014	No	√ (2030-2034)
ombitasvir+paritaprevir+dasabu vir+ritonavir-AbbVie	12-2014	1-2015	No	√ (2030-2034)
daclatasvir-BMS	7-2015	8-2014	Combo	√ (2027-2033)
sofosbuvir+velpatasvir-Gilead	6-2016	7-2016	Yes	√ (2031-2034)
elbasvir +grazoprevir-Merck	1-2016	7-2016	No	√ (2032-2035)
sofosbuvir+velpatasvir+voxilapre vir-Gilead	7-2017	6-2017	Yes	√ (2031-2034)
glecaprevir/pibrentasvir-AbbVie	8-2017	7-2017	Yes	√(2031-2034)

Global SOF IP Landscape



South America Scenario – Sofosbuvir IP Status



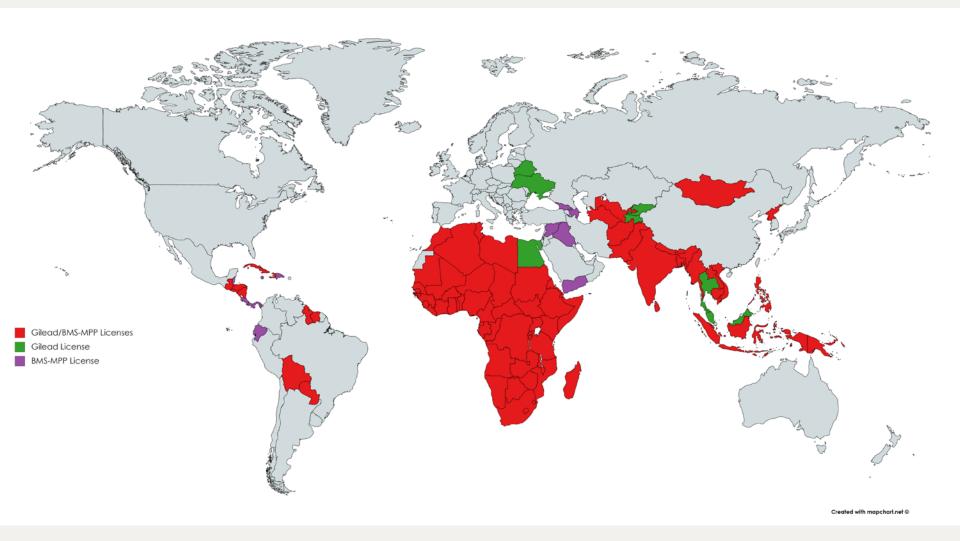
UNASUR countries: 12

Population: ~400 million

HepC Cases: predominance G1

- Granted SOF Patents
- No SOF Patents
- SOF primary pending patent applications
- Only secondary SOF patent application pending

Sofosbuvir and daclatasvir Voluntary Licenses: prevalent countries and Latin America excluded



DNDi's IP Policy

 The need to ensure that drugs are affordable to and access is equitable for patients who need them

 The desire to develop drugs as public goods when possible.

DNDi's Strategy on IP related to HCV

1

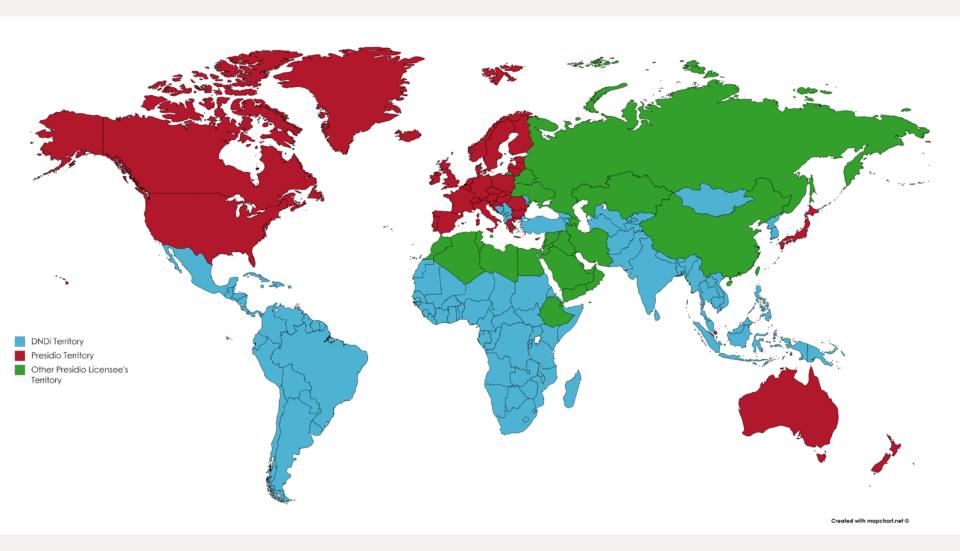
Obtain and sublicense pro public health licenses related to the development of Ravidasvir

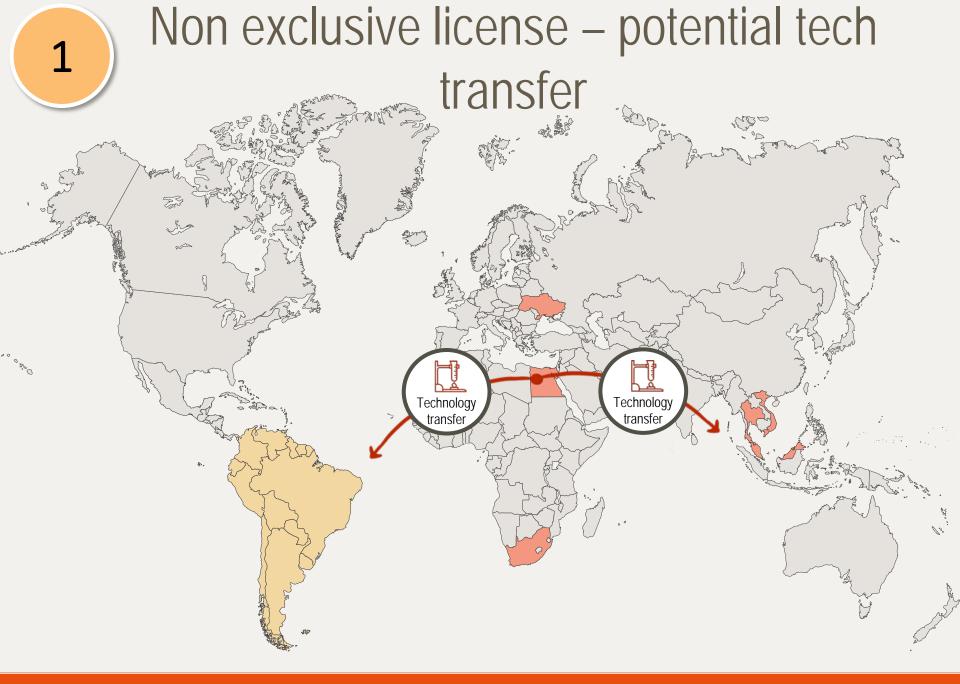
2

Advocate for removal of intellectual property barriers for access to all DAA's.



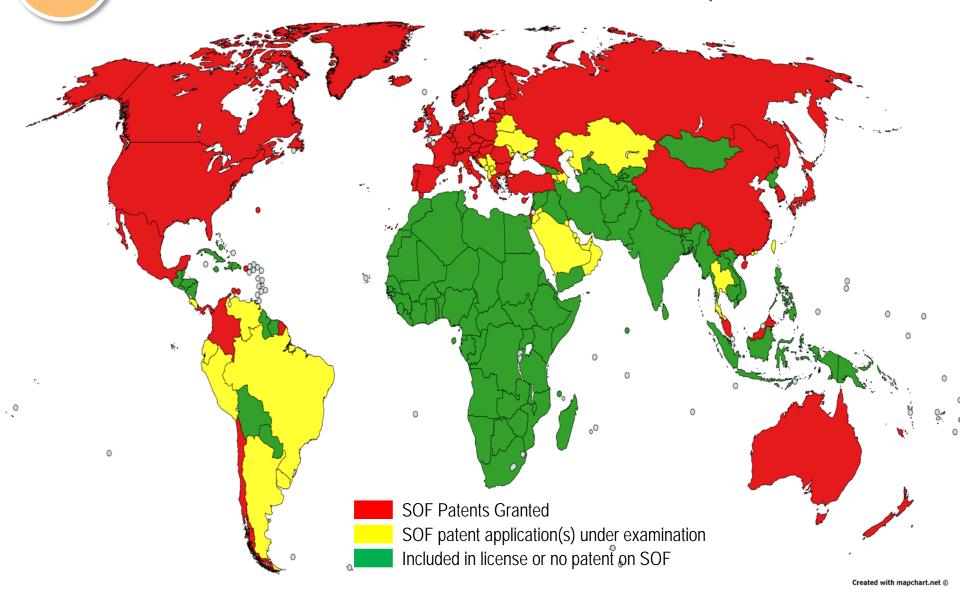
Ravidasvir license territory, March 2016





1

RDV currently developed in combination with sofosbuvir (relevance of Sof IP landscape)



2

Partners engaged with DNDi to implement the

HCV strategy

CSOs, Patient groups and NGOs: MSF* South Centre* C+, TWN, MTAAG+, MAC, TTAG, Ozone, Ifarma, DPN+, CoNE Manipur, MdM, TreatAsia

FIND*

MPP

PAHO Strategic Fund UNITAID & MoHs:
Malaysia* &
Thailand*

Other MoHs:
Argentina
Colombia

Regulatory Authorities

UNASUD & ISAGS

Presidio*
Regional Generic Malaysia*
Regional Generic LATAM*
Generic suppliers SOF/DCV
Pharco*

Research Partners*
CRM, PHPT, CRC

Fund

WHO-PQ & EML



Countries tackling high prices

Big pharma against CL move but WHO agrees

Auto miltr para acord

NATION

Friday, 2 Mar 2018















Minsal

Berne, 26. rembourse

pu faire ba

grand non



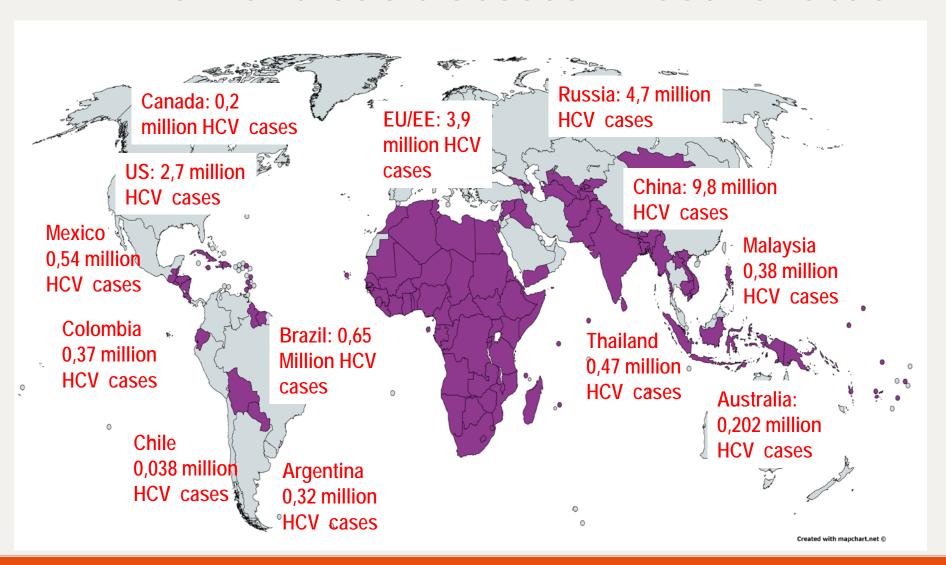
Right to get treatment: It was reported last year that there were 400,000 Hepatitis C sufferers in Malaysia, with only a fraction who could afford the RM300,000 cost. - AFP

MBIA

OS



High Prevalence HCV countries excluded from affordable access: Need for action





THANK YOU



